Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Amended) A method for isolating a labeled single stranded target polynucleotide comprising,
 - (1) forming a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) mixture comprising,
 - a. a polynucleotide region of interest,
 - b. a first primer specific for the region of interest, wherein the [first] primer has a label and a mobility modifier,
 - c. a second primer specific for the region of interest, wherein the second primer comprises an affinity moiety, thereby forming a reaction mixture,
- (2) amplifying the region of interest, thereby producing a double stranded polynucleotide amplification product comprising the labeled single stranded target polynucleotide comprising the label and the mobility modifier, and a complementary affinity moiety strand,
 - (3) contacting the reaction mixture with a binding moiety specific for the affinity moiety,
- (4) binding the double stranded polynucleotide amplification product to the binding moiety,
 - (5) removing the unbound unincorporated reaction components, and,
 - (6) releasing the labeled single stranded target polynucleotide that was formed in (1) from the bound double stranded polynucleotide amplification product by denaturation.
 - 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said mobility modifier is chosen from the group comprising nucleotides, polyethylene oxide, polyglycolic acid, polylactic

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acid, polypeptide, oligosaccharide, and polyurethane, polyamide, polysulfonamide, polysulfoxide, and block copolymers thereof, including polymers composed of units of multiple subunits linked by charged or uncharged linking groups, and combinations thereof.

- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the binding moiety is streptavidin.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the affinity moiety is biotin.
- 5. (Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein the PCR mixture further comprises a plurality of primer sets, each primer set comprising a first primer and a second primer flanking a <u>different</u> region of interest, wherein the first primer <u>of each primer set</u> further comprises the label and the mobility modifier, and wherein the second primer further comprises the affinity moiety.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 5 wherein the polynucleotide region of interest is derived from a sample that further comprises degraded DNA.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 6 wherein said degraded DNA is between about 60 and 240 nucleotides in length.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein the regions of interest further comprise polymorphic microsatellites.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 8 wherein the polymorphic microsatellites further comprise a dinucleotide repeat.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 8 wherein the polymorphic microsatellites further comprise a trinucleotide repeat.
- 11. (Original) The method according to claim 8 wherein the polymorphic microsatellites further comprise a tetranucleotide repeat.

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- 12. (Original) The method according to claim 5 wherein at least one of the single stranded target polynucleotides results from amplification with a primer pair lacking a mobility modifier.
- 13. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the PCR mixture further comprises sorbitol.
- 14. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the PCR mixture further comprises betaine.
- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the PCR mixture further comprise sorbitol and betaine.
- 16. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a labeled single stranded target polynucleotide molecular size standard comprising,
 - (1) forming a PCR mixture comprising,
 - a. a polynucleotide region of interest,
 - b. a first primer specific for the region of interest, wherein the first primer comprises a label and a mobility modifier,
 - c. a second primer specific for the region of interest, wherein the second primer comprises an affinity moiety,
- (2) amplifying the region of interest, thereby producing a double stranded polynucleotide amplification product comprising the single stranded target polynucleotide molecular size standard comprising the label and the mobility modifier, and a complementary affinity moiety strand,
 - (3) contacting the reaction mixture with a binding moiety specific for the affinity moiety,
 - (4) binding the double stranded polynucleotide to the binding moiety,

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- (5) removing the unbound unincorporated reaction components, and
- (6) releasing the labeled single stranded target polynucleotide molecular size standard that was formed in (1).
- 17. (Original) The method according to claim 16 further comprising a plurality of regions of interest and a plurality of primer pairs, wherein a plurality of labeled single stranded target polynucleotide molecular size standards is formed.
- 18. (Canceled)
- 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Canceled)
- 21. (New) A method for isolating a plurality of different labeled single stranded target polynucleotides comprising,
 - (1) forming a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) mixture comprising,
 - A. a plurality of polynucleotide regions of interest,
 - B. a plurality of primer pairs, wherein each primer pair comprises

 a first primer specific for a particular region of interest, wherein the

 first primer has a label and a mobility modifier, and a second primer

 specific for the particular region of interest, wherein the second primer

 comprises an affinity moiety, thereby forming a reaction mixture, wherein

 the first primer in each primer pair comprises a distinct label and mobility

 modifier,
- (2) amplifying the regions of interest, thereby producing a plurality of double stranded polynucleotide amplification products, wherein each product comprises a labeled single stranded

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target polynucleotide comprising the label and the mobility modifier, and a complementary affinity moiety strand,

- (3) contacting the reaction mixture with a binding moiety specific for the affinity moiety,
- (4) binding the double stranded polynucleotide amplification products to the binding moiety,
 - (5) removing the unbound unincorporated reaction components, and,
 - (6) releasing the labeled single stranded target polynucleotides that were formed in (1) from the bound double stranded polynucleotide amplification products by denaturation.

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